No. 29491

FINLAND
and
ESTONIA

Agreement for the promotion and protection of investments.
Signed at Tallinn on 13 February 1992

Authentic texts: Finnish, Estonian and English.
Registered by Finland on 27 January 1993.

FINLANDE
et
ESTONIE

Accord relatif à la promotion et à la protection des investissements. Signé à Tallinn le 13 février 1992

Textes authentiques : finnois, estonien et anglais.
Enregistré par la Finlande le 27 janvier 1993.


Desiring to intensify economic co-operation to the mutual benefit of both countries.

Intending to create favourable conditions for investment by investors of either Party in the territory of the other Party, and

Recognizing the need to protect investments by investors of both Parties and to stimulate the flow of capital and individual business initiative with a view to the economic prosperity of both Parties,

Have Agreed as follows:

Article 1
Definitions

(1) For the purposes of this Agreement:
   a) "investment" means every kind of asset connected with economic activities and in particular, though not exclusively, includes:
      (i) movable and immovable property and any other property rights such as mortgages, liens or pledges;
      (ii) shares, stocks and debentures of companies or interests in the property of such companies;
      (iii) title or claim to money or right to any performance having an economic value;
      (iv) copyrights, industrial property rights (such as patents, trade marks, industrial designs), technical processes, know-how, business names and goodwill;
      (v) business concessions conferred by law or under contract, including concessions to search for, cultivate, extract or exploit natural resources;
   b) "returns" means the amounts yielded by an investment and in particular, though not exclusively, includes profit, interest, capital gains, dividends, royalties and fees;
   c) The term "investor" means:
      (i) any natural person who is a national of either Contracting Party in accordance with its laws;
      (ii) any legal person having its seat in the territory of either Contracting Party, or in a third country with a predominant interest of an investor of either Contracting Party;
   d) "territory" means in respect of Finland the territory of the Republic of Finland and any area adjacent to the territorial waters of the Republic of Finland within which, under the laws of Finland and in accordance with international law, the rights of Finland with respect to the exploration and exploitation of the natural resources of the seabed and its subsoil may be exercised;
      and in respect of Estonia it means the territory of the Republic of Estonia and any area adjacent to the territorial waters of the Republic of Estonia within which, under the laws of Estonia and in accordance with international law, the rights of Estonia with respect to the exploration and exploitation of the natural resources of the seabed and its subsoil may be exercised.

(2) If an investment is envisaged in the territory of one Contracting Party by a company which is not covered by the definition in paragraph (1) c) (ii) of this Article, but in which investors of the other Contracting Party have a predominant interest, the former Contracting Party shall, by mutual agreement between the two Contracting Parties, regard the company as one which enjoys protection under this Agreement in respect of the said investment.

Article 2
Applicability of this Agreement

(1) This Agreement shall only apply to investments made in accordance with the laws, regulations and procedures of the host country.

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1 Came into force on 2 December 1992, i.e., 30 days after the date (2 November 1992) on which the Contracting Parties had notified each other of the completion of the legal requirements, in accordance with article 11 (1).
(2) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (1) of this Article, this Agreement shall apply to all investments made in the territory of a Contracting Party by investors of the other Contracting Party before or after the entry into force of this Agreement.

Article 3

Protection of Investments

Each Contracting Party shall, subject to its laws and regulations and in conformity with international law, at all times ensure fair and equitable treatment to the investments of investors of any third State. Each Contracting Party shall observe any obligation it may have entered into with regard to investments.

(2) Investors of either Contracting Party whose investments suffer losses in the territory of the other Contracting Party owing to war or other armed conflict, state of emergency, revolt or riot, shall be accorded treatment no less favourable by such other Contracting Party than that Party accords to investors of any third State as regards restitution, indemnification, compensation or other valuable consideration. Such payments shall be freely transferable between the two Contracting Parties.

(3) The provisions of this Agreement relating to the granting of treatment not less favourable than that accorded to the investors of any third State shall not be construed so as to oblige one Contracting Party to extend to the investors of the other the benefit of any treatment, preference or privilege resulting from:

a) any existing or future customs union, economic union or agreement regarding the formation of a free trade area or other forms of regional co-operation to which either of the Contracting Parties is or may become a party.

b) any international agreement or arrangement relating wholly or mainly to taxation.

Article 5

Expropriation

(1) Neither Contracting Party shall take any measures of expropriation, nationalization or any other measures, having effect equivalent to nationalization or expropriation, against the investment of an investor of the other Contracting Party except under the following conditions:

a) the measures are taken in the public interest and under due process of law;

b) the measures are not discriminatory;

c) the measures are accompanied by provisions for the payment of prompt, adequate and effective compensation. Such compensation shall amount to the market value of the investments affected immediately before the measures referred to above in this paragraph occurred or became public knowledge and it shall be freely transferable in convertible currencies from the Contracting Party, at the official rate of exchange prevailing on the date used for the determination of value. The transfer shall be effected without undue delay within such a period as normally required for the completion of transfer formalities, in any case not exceeding six months. The compensation shall include interest until the date of payment at an appropriate commercial rate as determined by the Central Bank of the Contracting Party.

(2) The provisions of paragraph (1) of this Article shall also apply to the returns from an investment as well as, in the event of liquidation, to the proceeds from the liquidation.

Article 6

Repatriation of Investment and Returns

(1) Each Contracting Party shall, in conformity with its laws and regulations, allow without restrictions or undue delay, in any case within a period not exceeding six months the transfer in any convertible currency of:

a) the net profits, dividends, royalties, technical assistance and other fees, interest and other returns accruing from any investment of the investors of the other Contracting Party;

b) the proceeds from the total or partial liquidation or sale of any investment made by investors of the other Contracting Party.
c) funds in repayment of borrowings by investors of one Contracting Party from the investors of the other Contracting Party which both Contracting Parties have recognized as investments; and

(2) The Contracting Parties shall also allow free transfer from their territories of movable property constituting part of an investment by an investor of the other Contracting Party.

(3) The Contracting Parties undertake to accord to transfers referred to in paragraph (1) and (2) of this Article treatment as favourable as that accorded to transfers originating from investments made by investors of any third country.

**Article 7**

**Application of other Laws**

If the provisions of law of either Contracting Party or obligations under international law existing at present or established hereafter between the Contracting Parties in addition to the present Agreement contain a regulation, whether general or specific, entitling investments by investors of the other Contracting Party to a treatment more favourable than is provided for by the present Agreement, such regulation shall to the extent that it is more favourable prevail over the present Agreement.

**Article 8**

**Disputes between a Contracting Party and an Investor**

(1) Any legal dispute between an investor of one Contracting Party and other Contracting Party concerning an investment of the former in the territory of the latter which has not been amicably settled during three months from written notification of a claim may, at the request of either Party to the dispute, be submitted for settlement either to:

a) the International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes (hereinafter called "the Centre") having regard to the applicable provisions of the Convention on the Settlement of Investment Disputes between States and Nationals of other States opened for signature at Washington D.C. on 18 March 1965, in the event both Contracting Parties shall have become a party to this Convention; or

b) an international ad hoc arbitral tribunal established under the Arbitration Rules of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law as then in force. The Parties to the dispute may agree in writing to modify these Rules.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of this Article relating to the submission of the dispute to arbitration the investor shall have the right to choose the conciliation procedure before the dispute is submitted for arbitration.

(3) The arbitral awards shall be recognized and enforced by the Contracting Parties in accordance with the 1958 New York Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards.

**Article 9**

**Disputes between Contracting Parties**

(1) Disputes between the Contracting Parties concerning the interpretation or application of this Agreement should, if possible, be settled through diplomatic channels.

(2) If a dispute between the Contracting Parties cannot thus be settled, it shall upon the request of either Contracting Party be submitted to an arbitral tribunal.

(3) Such an arbitral tribunal shall be constituted for each individual case in the following way. Within two months of the receipt of the request for arbitration, each Contracting Party shall appoint one member of the tribunal. Those two members shall then select a national of a third State who on approval by the two Contracting Parties shall be appointed Chairman of the tribunal. The Chairman shall be appointed within two months from the date of appointment of the other two members.

(4) If within the periods specified in paragraph (3) of this Article the necessary appointments have not been made, either Contracting Party may, in the absence of any other agreement, invite the President of the International Court of Justice to make the necessary appointments. If the President is a national of one Contracting Party or if he is otherwise prevented from discharging the said function, the Vice President shall be invited to make necessary appointments. If the Vice President is a na-

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2 Ibid., vol. 330, p. 3.
tional of either Contracting Party, or if he too 
is prevented from discharging the said function, 
the member of the International Court of 
Justice next in seniority who is not a national 
of either Contracting Party and who is not 
otherwise prevented from discharging the said 
function shall be invited to make the necessary 
appointments.

(5) The arbitral tribunal shall reach its 
decision by a majority of votes. Such decision 
shall be binding on both Contracting Parties. 
The cost of the Chairman and the members of 
the tribunal shall be borne in equal parts by the 
Contracting Parties. The tribunal may, how-
ever, in its decision direct that a higher 
proportion of costs shall be borne by one of 
the two Contracting Parties, and this award 
shall be binding on both Contracting Parties. 
The tribunal shall determine its own procedure.

Article 10

Subrogation

If a Contracting Party or its designated 
Agency makes a payment to any of its inves-
tors under a guarantee it has granted in respect 
of an investment, the other Contracting Party 
shall, without prejudice to the rights of the 
former Contracting Party under Article 9, 
recognize the transfer of any right or title of 
such investor to that Contracting Party and the 
subrogation of that Contracting Party or its 
designated Agency to any right or title.

Article 11

Entry into Force, Duration and Termination

(1) This Agreement shall enter into force 
thirty days after the date on which the Con-
tracting Parties have notified each other that 
the legal requirements for the entry into force 
of this Agreement have been fulfilled.

(2) The Agreement shall remain in force for 
a period of fifteen years. Thereafter it shall 
remain in force until expiration of twelve 
months from the date on which either Con-
tracting Party shall have given written notice of 
termination to the other.

(3) In respect of investments made prior to 
the date when the termination of this Agree-
ment becomes effective, the provisions of Ar-
ticles 1—10 shall continue in effect for a further 
period of ten years after the date of termina-
tion and without prejudice to the application 
thereafter of the rules of general international 

law.

Done at Tallinn on February 13, 1992, in 
two originals both in the Finnish, Estonian and 
English languages, all being equally authentic. 
In case of dispute, the original in the English 
language shall prevail.

For the Government 
of the Republic of Finland:

ESKO AHO

For the Government 
of the Republic of Estonia:

TIIT VÄHI