FRAMEWORK AGREEMENT
for Trade and Cooperation between the European Community and its Member States, on the one hand, and the Republic of Korea, on the other hand

THE KINGDOM OF BELGIUM,
THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK,
THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY,
THE HELLENIC REPUBLIC,
THE KINGDOM OF SPAIN,
THE FRENCH REPUBLIC,
IRELAND,
THE ITALIAN REPUBLIC,
THE GRAND DUCHY OF LUXEMBOURG,
THE KINGDOM OF THE NETHERLANDS,
THE REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA,
THE PORTUGUESE REPUBLIC,
THE REPUBLIC OF FINLAND,
THE KINGDOM OF SWEDEN,
THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND,

Parties to the Treaty establishing the European Community and the Treaty on European Union, hereinafter referred to as 'Member States', and

THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY,
on the one hand, and

THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA,
on the other hand,

CONSIDERING the traditional links of friendship between the Republic of Korea, the European Community and its Member States,

REAFFIRMING the attachment of the Parties to democratic principles and fundamental human rights as laid down in the Universal Declaration on Human Rights,

CONFIRMING their desire to establish a regular political dialogue between the European Union and the Republic of Korea, based on shared values and aspirations,

RECOGNISING that the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) has played a significant role to promote international trade in general and bilateral trade in particular, and that both the Republic of Korea and the European Community are equally committed to the principles of free trade and market economy on which that Agreement is based,

REAFFIRMING that both the Republic of Korea, the European Community and its Member States have pledged to implement fully their commitments made by the ratification of the Agreement establishing the World Trade Organisation (WTO),

HAVING IN MIND the need to contribute to the full implementation of the results of the GATT Uruguay Round and the need to apply all rules governing international trade in a transparent and non-discriminatory manner,

RECOGNISING the importance of strengthening the existing relationship between the Parties with a view to enhancing cooperation between them, and their common will to consolidate, deepen and diversify their relations in areas of mutual interest on the basis of equality, non-discrimination, respect for the natural environment and mutual benefit,
DESIROUS of creating favourable conditions for sustainable growth and diversification of trade and for economic cooperation in various areas of mutual interest,

BELIEVING that it will be advantageous to the Parties to institutionalise relations and to establish economic cooperation between them, as such cooperation would encourage further development of trade and investment,

MINDFUL of the importance of facilitating the involvement in cooperation of the individuals and entities directly concerned, in particular economic operators and the bodies representing them,

HAVE DECIDED to conclude this Agreement and to this end have designated as their plenipotentiaries:

THE KINGDOM OF BELGIUM:
   Erik DERYCKE,
   Minister for Foreign Affairs,

THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK:
   Niels HELVEG PETERSEN,
   Minister for Foreign Affairs,

THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY:
   Werner HOYER,
   Minister of State, Foreign Affairs,

THE HELLENIC REPUBLIC:
   Georgios PAPANDREOU,
   Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs,

THE KINGDOM OF SPAIN:
   Abel MATUTES,
   Minister for Foreign Affairs,

THE FRENCH REPUBLIC:
   Michel BARNIER,
   Minister with responsibility for European Affairs,

IRELAND:
   Gay MITCHELL,
   Minister of State for European Affairs at the Department of the Taoiseach,

THE ITALIAN REPUBLIC:
   Lamberto DINI,
   Minister for Foreign Affairs,

THE GRAND DUCHY OF LUXEMBOURG:
   Jacques F. POOS,
   Minister for Foreign Affairs,

THE KINGDOM OF THE NETHERLANDS:
   Hans VAN MIERLO,
   Minister for Foreign Affairs,

THE REPUBLIC OF AUSTRIA:
   Wolfgang SCHUSSEL,
   Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs,

THE PORTUGUESE REPUBLIC:
   Jaime GAMA,
   Minister for Foreign Affairs,
THE REPUBLIC OF FINLAND:
Tarja HALONEN,
Minister for Foreign Affairs,

THE KINGDOM OF SWEDEN:
Lena HJELM-WALLÉN,
Minister for Foreign Affairs,

THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND:
David DAVIS,
Minister of State, Foreign and Commonwealth Office,

THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY:
Dick SPRING,
Minister for Foreign Affairs (Ireland),
President-in-Office of the Council of the European Union,
Sir Leon BRITTAN,
Vice-President of the Commission of the European Communities,

THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA:
Ro-Myung GONG,
Minister for Foreign Affairs,

WHO, having exchanged their full powers, found in good and due form,

HAVE AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

Article 1
Basis for cooperation

Respect for democratic principles and human rights as defined in the Universal Declaration on Human Rights inspires the domestic and international policies of the Parties and constitutes an essential element of this Agreement.

Article 2
Aims of cooperation

With a view to enhancing cooperation between them, the Parties undertake to promote further development of economic relations between them. Their efforts will in particular be aimed at:

(a) stepping up, establishing cooperation in and diversifying trade to their mutual advantage;

(b) establishing economic cooperation in fields of mutual interest, including scientific and technological cooperation and industrial cooperation;

(c) facilitating cooperation between businesses by facilitating investment on both sides and by promoting better mutual understanding.

Article 3
Political dialogue

A regular political dialogue, based on shared values and aspirations, shall be established between the European Union and the Republic of Korea. This dialogue shall take place in accordance with the procedures agreed in the Joint Declaration between the European Union and the Republic of Korea on this subject.

Article 4
Most-favoured-nation treatment

In accordance with their rights and obligations under the World Trade Organisation, the Parties undertake to accord each other most-favoured-nation treatment.

Article 5
Trade cooperation

1. The Parties undertake to promote the development and diversification of their reciprocal commercial exchanges to the highest possible level and to their mutual benefit.

The Parties undertake to achieve improved market access conditions. They will ensure that applied, most-favoured-nation customs duties are set, taking into account various elements, including the domestic market situation of one Party and the export interests of the other Party. They undertake to work towards the elimination of barriers to trade, in particular through the timely removal of non-tariff barriers and by taking measures to improve transparency, having regard to the work carried out by international organisations in this field.

2. The Parties shall take steps to conduct a policy aimed at:

(a) multilateral and bilateral cooperation to address issues relating to the development of trade which are of interest to both sides, including the future proceedings of the WTO. To that end they shall cooperate at the international level and bilaterally in the solution of commercial problems of common interest;
(b) promoting exchanges of information between economic operators and industrial cooperation between enterprises in order to diversify and increase existing flows of trade;

(c) studying and recommending trade-promotion measures suitable for fostering the development of trade;

(d) facilitating cooperation between the competent customs authorities of the European Community, its Member States and Korea;

(e) improving market access for industrial, agricultural and fisheries products;

(f) improving market access for services, such as financial services and telecommunications services;

(g) strengthening cooperation in the fields of standards and technical regulations;

(h) effectively protecting intellectual, industrial and commercial property;

(i) organising trade and investment visits;

(j) organising general and single industry trade fairs.

3. The Parties shall foster fair competition of economic activities through fully enforcing their relevant laws and regulations.

4. In accordance with their obligations under the WTO Government Procurement Agreement, the Parties shall ensure participation in procurement contracts on a non-discriminatory and reciprocal basis.

They will continue their discussions aimed at further mutual opening of their respective procurement markets in other sectors such as telecommunications procurement.

Article 6

Agriculture and fisheries

1. The Parties agree to encourage cooperation in the fields of agriculture and fisheries, including horticulture and mariculture. On the basis of discussions about their respective agricultural and fisheries policies the Parties will study:

(a) the possibilities for increased trade in agricultural products and fish products;

(b) the effect on trade of sanitary and phytosanitary measures, and measures relating to the environment;

(c) the links between agriculture and the rural environment;

(d) research in the fields of agriculture and fisheries, including horticulture and mariculture.

2. As appropriate, the provisions of paragraph 1 apply to products and services in the related agricultural processing industry.

3. The Parties undertake to comply with the terms of the Agreement on Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures of the WTO and are willing to enter into consultations, on request of either of them, to discuss the proposals from the other Party on the application and the harmonisation of sanitary and phytosanitary measures, taking into consideration the standards agreed on in other international organisations such as OIE, IPPC and Codex Alimentarius.

Article 7

Maritime transport

1. The Parties undertake to move towards the goal of unrestricted access to the international maritime market and traffic based on fair competition on a commercial basis, in accordance with the provisions of this Article.

(a) The above provision does not prejudice the rights and obligations arising from the United Nations Convention Code of Conduct for Liner Conferences as applicable to one or the other Party to this Agreement. Non-conference lines will be free to operate in competition with a conference as long as they adhere to the principle of fair competition on a commercial basis.

(b) The Parties affirm their commitment to build a fair and competitive environment for the dry and liquid bulk trade. In view of this commitment, the Republic of Korea will take necessary steps to phase out the existing cargo reservation of designated bulk commodities for Korean flag carriers over a transitional period, which will end on 31 December 1998.

2. In pursuit of the goal of paragraph 1, the Parties shall:

(a) abstain from introducing cargo-sharing clauses into future bilateral agreements with non-member countries concerning dry and liquid bulk and liner trade, except where, in exceptional circumstances, with regard to liner trade, shipping companies from one or the other Party to this Agreement would not otherwise have an effective opportunity to engage in trade to and from the non-member country concerned;

(b) abstain from implementing, on entry into force of this Agreement, administrative and technical and legislative measures which could have the effect of discriminating between their own nationals or companies and those of the other Party in the supply of services in international maritime transport;

(c) grant no less favourable treatment for the ships operated by nationals or companies of the other Party, than that accorded to its own ships, with regard to access to ports open to international trade, the use of infrastructure and auxiliary maritime services of the ports, as well as related fees and charges, customs facilities and assignment of berths and facilities for loading and unloading.
3. For the purpose of this Article, access to the international maritime market shall include, *inter alia*, the right for international maritime transport providers of each Party to arrange door-to-door transport services involving a sea leg, and to this effect to directly contract with local providers of transport modes other than maritime transport on the territory of the other Party without prejudice to applicable nationality restrictions concerning the carriage of goods and passengers by those other transport modes.

4. The provisions of this Article shall apply to European Community companies and Korean companies. Beneficiaries of the provisions of this Article shall also be shipping companies established outside the European Community or the Republic of Korea and controlled by nationals of a Member State or the Republic of Korea, if their vessels are registered in that Member State or in the Republic of Korea in accordance with their respective legislations.

5. The issue of the operations in the European Community and in the Republic of Korea of shipping agency activities shall be dealt with by specific agreements, where appropriate.

**Article 8**

**Shipbuilding**

1. The Parties agree to cooperate in the field of shipbuilding with a view to promoting fair and competitive market conditions and note the severe structural disequilibrium between supply and demand and the market trends which depress the world shipbuilding industry. For these reasons, the Parties shall not adopt any measure or take any action to support their shipbuilding industry which would distort competition or allow their shipbuilding industry to escape from any future difficult situation, in accordance with the OECD Agreement on Shipbuilding.

2. The Parties agree to enter into consultations on a request from either Party regarding the implementation of the OECD Agreement on Shipbuilding, exchange of information on the development of the world market for ships and shipbuilding and on any other problem arising in this sector.

The representatives of the shipbuilding industry may be invited as observers to such consultations, on agreement by the Parties.

**Article 9**

**Intellectual, industrial and commercial property protection**

1. The Parties undertake to ensure that adequate and effective protection is provided for intellectual, industrial and commercial property rights, including effective means of enforcing such rights.

2. The parties agree to implement the WTO Agreement on Trade-related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights not later than 1 July 1996 (1).

3. The Parties confirm the importance they attach to the obligations contained in multilateral conventions for the protection of intellectual property rights. The Parties shall make efforts to accede as soon as practicable to the conventions in the Annex to which they have not acceded.

**Article 10**

**Technical regulations, standards and conformity assessment**

1. Without prejudice to their international obligations, within the scope of their responsibilities and in accordance with their laws, the Parties will promote the use of internationally recognised standards and conformity assessment systems.

To that end, particular attention will be paid to:

(a) exchange of information and technical experts in the fields of standardisation, accreditation, metrology and certification, as well as joint research where appropriate;
(b) promotion of interchange and contact between relevant bodies and institutions;
(c) sectoral consultations;
(d) cooperation in quality management activities;
(e) strengthening cooperation in the fields of technical regulations, particularly by concluding an agreement for the mutual recognition of conformity assessment results, as a means of facilitating trade and avoiding any disruption prejudicial to its development;
(f) participation and cooperation in the framework of the relevant international agreements with a view to promoting the adoption of harmonised standards.

2. The Parties shall ensure that standards and conformity assessment activities do not constitute unnecessary barriers to trade.

**Article 11**

**Consultations**

1. The Parties agree to promote the exchange of information concerning trade measures.

Each Party undertakes to inform the other in a timely manner of the application of measures which alter most-favoured-nation applied import duties which affect the exports of the other Party.

(1) For the Republic of Korea with the exception of the Agrochemical Management Law which will enter into force as from 1 January 1997 and the Seedlings Industry Law (and Law on Protection of Geographical Indications) by 1 July 1998, subject to its legislative procedure.
Either Party may request consultations on trade measures. Where such a request is made, the consultations shall take place at the earliest opportunity with a view to reaching a mutually acceptable, constructive solution as early as possible.

2. Each Party agrees to inform the other Party of the initiation of anti-dumping procedures against products of the other Party.

In full respect of the WTO Agreements on anti-dumping and anti-subsidy measures, the Parties shall afford sympathetic consideration to, and shall afford adequate opportunity for consultation regarding representations made by either Party with respect to anti-dumping procedures and anti-subsidy procedures.

3. The Parties agree to consult each other on any disputes which may arise from the implementation of this Agreement. If either Party requests such consultation, it shall take place at the earliest opportunity. The Party making its request shall provide the other Party with all information necessary for a detailed examination of the situation. Attempts shall be made through such consultations to resolve trade disputes as rapidly as possible.

4. The provisions of this Article shall in no way prejudice the internal procedures of each Party for the adoption and modification of trade measures, or the notification, consultation and dispute settlement mechanisms provided for under the WTO Agreements.

Article 12
Economic and industrial cooperation

1. The Parties, taking into account their mutual interest and their respective economic policies and objectives, shall foster economic and industrial cooperation in all fields deemed suitable by them.

2. The objectives of such cooperation shall be in particular:

— to promote exchanges of information between economic operators, and develop and improve existing networks, while ensuring that personal data are suitably protected,

— to bring about exchanges of information on the terms and conditions for cooperation in the field of all services as well as information infrastructures,

— to promote mutually beneficial investment and establish a climate which favours investment,

— to improve the economic environment and business climate.

3. As means to such ends, the Parties shall endeavour, inter alia:

(a) to diversify and strengthen economic links between them;
(b) to establish industry specific channels of cooperation;
(c) to promote industrial cooperation between enterprises, in particular between small and medium-sized enterprises;
(d) to promote sustainable development of their economies;
(e) to encourage ways of production which are not prejudicial to the environment;
(f) to encourage the flow of investment and technology;
(g) to increase mutual understanding and awareness of their respective business environments.

Article 13
Drugs and money laundering

1. The Parties shall cooperate in increasing the effectiveness and efficiency of policies and measures to counter the illicit production, supply and traffic of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances, including the prevention of diversion of precursor chemicals, as well as in promoting drug-demand prevention and reduction. The cooperation in this area shall be based on mutual consultation and close coordination between the Parties over the objectives and measures on the various drug-related fields.

2. The Parties agree on the necessity of making serious efforts and cooperating in order to prevent the use of their financial systems for laundering of proceeds from criminal activities in general and drug offences in particular.

Cooperation in this area shall aim at establishing suitable standards against money laundering taking into consideration those adopted by international forums in this field, in particular the Financial Action Task Force (FATF).

Article 14
Cooperation in science and technology

1. In accordance with their mutual interest and the aims of their policies on science, the Parties undertake to promote cooperation in science and technology. To this end the Parties shall endeavour to encourage in particular:

— the exchange of information and know-how in the field of science and technology,

— dialogue about the elaboration and implementation of the respective research and technological development policies,

— cooperation in the field of information technology, as well as in the technologies and industry affecting interoperability towards the global information society,

— cooperation in the fields of energy and the protection of the environment,

— cooperation in science and technology sectors of common interest.
2. With a view to attaining the aims of their respective policies, the Parties shall, inter alia, endeavour:

— to exchange information on research projects in the fields of energy, protection of the environment, telecommunications and information technology, and information technology industry,

— to advance the training of scientists by appropriate means,

— to encourage technology transfer on the basis of mutual benefit,

— to jointly organise seminars bringing together senior scientists of both sides, and

— to encourage researchers from both Parties to conduct joint research in fields of mutual interest.

3. The Parties agree that all cooperation and joint actions in the field of science and technology take place on the basis of reciprocity.

The Parties agree to protect effectively the information and the intellectual property resulting from cooperation against any abuse or unauthorised use by others than the legitimate owners thereof.

In case of participation by institutions, bodies and undertakings of one of the Parties in specific research and technological development programmes of the other Party, such as those set up under the European Community’s general framework programme, this participation and the dissemination and exploitation of knowledge obtained as a result thereof shall take place in accordance with the general rules laid down by that other Party.

4. The priorities for cooperation shall be decided through consultation between the Parties. Subject to the preceding paragraph, the participation of private sector institutions, bodies and undertakings in cooperation activities and specific research projects of common interest shall be encouraged.

Article 15

Cooperation in environmental matters

The Parties will establish cooperative relations seeking to protect and preserve the environment. This will take place through:

— exchanges of information on environmental policies and their implementation between relevant officials in the European Commission and the relevant authorities in the Republic of Korea,

— exchanges of information on environmentally sound technologies,

— exchanges of personnel,

— the promotion of cooperation on environmental matters being discussed in the international forums where the European Community and the Republic of Korea participate, particularly the UN Commission on Sustainable Development and other forums where international Conventions on the environment are debated,

— discussion on the pursuit of sustainable development practices and in particular, cooperation in the implementation of Agenda 21 and other follow-up activities from the UN Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED),

— cooperation on joint environmental projects.

Article 16

Energy

The Parties recognise the importance of the energy sector to economic and social development and are willing, within the scope of their respective competences, to enhance cooperation in this field. The objectives of such cooperation shall be:

— to promote the market-economy principle in setting consumer prices in accordance with market principles,

— to diversify energy supplies,

— to develop new and renewable forms of energy,

— to achieve rational use of energy, notably by promoting demand-side management, and

— to foster the best possible conditions for the transfer of technology in the interests of efficient energy use.

To these ends, the Parties agree to promote the conduct of joint studies and research, as well as contacts between those responsible for energy planning.

Article 17

Cooperation in culture, information and communication

The Parties undertake to establish cooperation in the fields of information and communication in order to promote better mutual understanding, taking account of the cultural dimension of relations between them.

These measures shall take the form of, in particular:

— exchange of information on issues of common interest concerning culture and information,

— organisation of cultural events,

— cultural exchanges, and

— academic exchanges.

Article 18

Cooperation in the development of non-member countries

The Parties agree to exchange information on their development assistance policies with a view to establishing a regular dialogue on the objectives of these policies and on their respective development aid programmes in non-member countries. They will study to what extent more substantial cooperation is feasible, in accordance with their respective legislations and the conditions applicable to the implementation of these programmes.
Article 19

Joint Committee

1. The Parties shall establish under this Agreement a Joint Committee consisting of representatives of the members of the Council of the European Union and representatives of the European Commission, on the one hand, and representatives of the Republic of Korea, on the other. Consultations shall be held in the Committee in order to facilitate the implementation and to further the general aims of this Agreement.

2. The Joint Committee shall:

   — ensure that the Agreement operates properly,
   — study the development of trade and cooperation between the two Parties,
   — seek appropriate methods of forestalling problems which might arise in areas covered by the Agreement,
   — seek ways of developing and diversifying trade,
   — exchange opinions and make suggestions on any issue of common interest relating to trade and cooperation, including future action and the resources available to carry it out,
   — make recommendations suitable for promoting the expansion of trade and cooperation, taking into account the need to coordinate the measures proposed.

3. The Joint Committee will normally meet once a year in Brussels and Seoul alternately. Special meetings of the Committee shall be held at the request of either Party. The Joint Committee shall be chaired alternately by each of the Parties.

4. The Joint Committee may set up specialised sub-committees in order to assist it in the performance of its tasks. These sub-committees shall make detailed reports of their activities to the Joint Committee at each of its meetings.

Article 20

Definition

For the purposes of this Agreement, the term ‘the Parties’ means the European Community or its Member States, or the European Community and its Member States, in accordance with their respective competences, on the one hand, and the Republic of Korea, on the other.

Article 21

Entry into force and duration

1. This Agreement shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the date on which the Parties have notified each other of the completion of the legal procedures necessary for this purpose.

2. This Agreement is concluded for a period of five years. It shall be tacitly renewed on a yearly basis unless one of the Parties denounces it in writing six months before the date of expiry.

Article 22

Notifications

The notifications made in accordance with Article 21 shall be made to the Secretariat-General of the Council of the European Union and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Korea, respectively.

Article 23

Non-execution of this Agreement

If either Party considers that the other Party has failed to fulfil an obligation under this Agreement, it may take appropriate measures. Before doing so, except in circumstances of special urgency, it shall supply the other Party with all relevant information required for a thorough examination of the situation with a view to seeking a solution acceptable to the Parties. In the selection of measures, priority must be given to those which least disturb the functioning of this Agreement. These measures shall be notified immediately to the other Party and shall be the subject of consultations if the other Party so requests.

Article 24

Future developments

The Parties may by mutual consent expand this Agreement with a view to enhancing the level of cooperation and add to it by means of agreements on specific sectors or activities.

With regard to the implementation of this Agreement, either of the Parties may put forward suggestions for widening the scope of cooperation, taking into account the experience gained in its application.

Article 25

Declarations and Annex

The Joint Declarations and Annex to this Agreement shall form an integral part of this Agreement.

Article 26

Territorial application

This Agreement shall apply, on the one hand, to the territories in which the Treaty establishing the European Community is applied and under the conditions laid down in that Treaty, and, on the other hand, to the territory of the Republic of Korea.

Article 27

Authentic texts

This Agreement is drawn up in duplicate in the Danish, Dutch, English, Finnish, French, German, Greek, Italian, Portuguese, Spanish, Swedish and Korean languages, each text being equally authentic.
Cette signature engage également la Communauté française, la Communauté flamande, la Communauté germanophone, la Région wallonne, la Région flamande et la Région de Bruxelles-Capitale.


Diese Unterschrift verbindet zugleich die Deutschsprachige Gemeinschaft, die Flämische Gemeinschaft, die Wallonische Region, die Flämische Region und die Region Brüssel-Hauptstadt.

FOR KONGERIGET DANMARK

FÜR DIE BUNDESREPUBLIK DEUTSCHLAND

ΓΙΑ ΤΗΝ ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΔΗΜΟΚΡΑΤΙΑ

POR EL REINO DE ESPAÑA

POUR LA RÉPUBLIQUE FRANÇAISE
FOR THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND

Daniel D

POR LA COMUNIDAD EUROPEA
FOR DET EUROPÆISKE FÆLLESSKAB
FÜR DIE EUROPÄISCHE GEMEINSCHAFT
ΓΙΑ ΤΗΝ ΕΥΡΩΠΑΪΚΗ ΚΟΙΝΟΤΗΤΑ
FOR THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY
POUR LA COMMUNAUTÉ EUROPÉENNE
PER LA COMUNITÀ EUROPEA
VOOR DE EUROPESE GEMEENSCHAP
PELA COMUNIDADE EUROPEIA
EUROOPAN YHTEISÖN PUOLESTA
FOR EUROPEISKA GEMENSKAPEN

대한민국을 대표하여

李

Lee
ANNEX

Intellectual, industrial and commercial property Conventions referred to in Article 9

— Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works (Paris Act, 1971)
— International Convention for the Protection of Performers, Producers of Phonograms and Broadcasting Organisations (Rome, 1961)
— Madrid Agreement concerning the International Registration of Marks (Stockholm Act, 1967, and amended in 1979)
— Protocol relating to the Madrid Agreement concerning the International Registration of Marks (Madrid, 1989)
— Nice Agreement concerning the International Classification of Goods and Services for the Purposes of the Registration of Marks (Geneva, 1977, and amended in 1979)