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The year indicated in brackets after the title of the law refers to the year of publication in the Official Gazette or, when this is not available, the year of adoption of the law.

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Investment Promotion Law

Legislative Decree No. 8

President of the Republic,

pursuant to the provisions of the Constitution,

Decrees the following:

Article 1
In the context of applying the provisions of this Legislative Decree, the following terms are hereby defined:

c. Board: the SIC Board of Directors.
d. Investment: Establishing, expanding, developing or upgrading enterprises.
e. Investor: Natural or artificial person investing in Syria pursuant to the provisions of this Legislative Decree.
f. Enterprise: Any economic activity operated by an investor pursuant to the provisions of this Legislative Decree.
g. Assets: the machines, tools, equipment, apparatus and non-tourist transportation means (local and imported) those are new and not renewed.
h. Foreign Capital: any capital duly incoming from abroad by Syrians, Arabs or foreigners.

**Chapter I. Investment guarantees**

**Article 2**

a) It shall be permissible for investors to possess and rent lands and real estates required for establishing or expanding investment enterprises, even if the area exceeds the ownership ceiling defined by the effective laws and regulations, provided that they are exclusively used for the enterprise.

b) When an enterprise is cancelled or completely dissolved, the investor shall have to:
   - cede to others, of Syrian Arab citizenship, pursuant to the effective laws and regulations any extra ownership beyond the legally defined ceiling.
   - A non-Syrian investor shall have to cede the ownership of the enterprise’s lands and buildings. In case the cession is from a Syrian or foreign investor to a non-Syrian investor for the purpose of establishing an investment enterprise, an in advance approval shall be obtained from the Board, and a deadline of 2 years max. should be set to carry out the relevant cession.

**Article 3**

Enterprises and investments licensed pursuant to the provisions of this Legislative Decree can’t be seized or appropriated, neither could there be any limitations with regard to their ownership or revenues disposal, unless for public utilization and in return of an immediate and just compensation that is equal to the enterprise current value just before appropriation. Payment should be in a convertible currency for foreign capital. With no violation to the provisions of the Public Funds Collection Law No. 341 of 1956, it shall be impermissible to seize the enterprise but via a judicial ruling.

**Article 4**

a) A non-Syrian investor and his family shall have work and residence licenses during the enterprise execution and operation life.
b) An investor shall have the right to get work and residence licenses for the enterprise non-
Syrian workers in accordance with effective laws and regulations.

Article 5

a) An investor shall have the right to re-transfer the outcome of dealing with his/her share of
the enterprise in a convertible currency and after settling the taxes due on that dealing.

b) Pursuant to the provisions of this Legislative Decree, an investor shall have the right to
annually transfer abroad the profits and interests resulting from the invested foreign capital in
a convertible currency after settling the taxes due on those profits and interests.

c) Six months after the foreign capital transference, an investor shall have the right to
retransfer his foreign capital abroad, if difficulties and conditions beyond the investor’s ability
prevented him from investing that capital. Those conditions are assessed by the Board, which
shall have the right, in special cases, to approve retransferring the Foreign Capital abroad
without having to adhere to the above mentioned period.

d) Arab and Foreign experts, workers and technicians working for any approved enterprise,
shall have the right to transfer abroad 50% of their net wages, salaries and bonuses, and
100% of their end-service allowances, in a convertible currency, provided that they settle the
taxes due on those wages, salaries and bonuses.

e) Transference shall be through the properly licensed banks.

f) An investor shall have the right, upon the Board approval, to enter and take out the tools
used for the installation of the enterprise assets.

Article 6

a) Provisions of international bilateral and multilateral investment and investment insurance-
related agreements effective in Syria and signed with other countries or Arab and
international organizations, shall be taken into consideration.

b) An investor shall have the right to insure his enterprise at any of the insurance companies
licensed in Syria.

Article 7

a) Investment-related disputes between an investor and Syrian public bodies and institutions
shall be settled amicably. If the disputing parties could not reach a solution amicably in three
months from the date of making a written notification for an amicable settlement by one of the
disputing parties, each of them shall have the right to take the case to one of the following:

1. Arbitration.
2. Competent Syrian Courts.
3. Arab Investment Court created pursuant to the Unified Agreement for the Investment of
Arab Capitals in the Arab states in 1980.
4. Investment Insurance and Protection Agreement signed by Syria and the investor’s
country, or any Arab or international organization.

b) All investment-related disputes shall be considered by the competent court as summary
proceedings.
Chapter II. Investment advantages & incentives

Article 8

a) Any enterprise of the following sectors shall benefit from all the exemptions stipulated in the effective Income Tax Law and its amendments as well as all advantages and guarantees stipulated in this Legislative Decree:

- Agricultural and land reclamation enterprises.
- Industrial enterprises.
- Transport enterprises.
- ICT enterprises.
- Environment enterprises.
- Service enterprises.
- Electricity, Oil and Mineral Wealth enterprises.
- Any other enterprises the Supreme Council decides to cover with the provisions of this Legislative Decree pursuant to a recommendation from the Board.

b) The Board shall issue the necessary instructions to identify and define the sectors mentioned in Item (a) of this article.

Article 9

Enterprises, licensed pursuant to the provisions of this Legislative Decree, shall have the right to import all their needs, without being restricted to the provisions of import suspension, prohibition or restriction, direct import from the country of origin system and exchange system provisions. And against any other effective stipulation, the imported assets shall be exempted from customs duties and that include the machines, tools and equipment used in production process and non-tourist transportation means, provided that they are used exclusively for the enterprise and that ceding them shall be impermissible but after the Board approval. The Supreme Council shall issue, following a Board recommendation, a system that defines the relevant principles, provisions and procedures.

Article 10

For the purposes of this Legislative Decree, investment zones and the minimum value of each investment developmental zone assets shall be defined by a decision from the Cabinet.

Article 11

a) Following a justified suggestion from the Board, the Supreme Council shall have the right to decide granting the investment facilitations, exemptions and advantages stipulated in this Legislative Decree, as well as any other additional advantages and guarantees, to any other enterprise.

b) The Supreme Council shall have the right to use discount bases other than the ones mentioned in the effective Income Tax Law and its amendments for the enterprises of special importance for national economy.
Chapter III. General provisions

Article 12
Any investor in an approved enterprise shall have to:

a. Inform the SIC in writing, as soon as the assets are installed and prepared, of the date of the enterprise's operation commence or actual production.

b. Keep systematic accounts for the enterprise in accordance with the international accounting standards and provide the SIC with a copy of the enterprise balance sheets ratified by a licensed accounts auditing company or office.

c. Keep a detailed record of the enterprise assets.

d. Submit any information, data or documents required by the SIC and allow any officer authorized by the SIC to compare the data and information with the reality.

Article 13
Any enterprise approved pursuant to investment legislations in effect before the validity of this Legislative Decree, shall benefit from all exemptions and advantages it has until the end of the exemption period stipulated in those legislations and their terms.

Article 14
In case an approved enterprise ownership is transferred, totally or partially, to another, the new owner shall replace the previous one in rights, liabilities and obligations pursuant to the provisions of this Legislative Decree and the provisions and instructions thereof. Capital profits generated by the sale of fixed assets shall be subject to income tax according to the effective laws and legislations.

Article 15
Details of the private data and information provided by investors on their enterprises hall not be publishable or circulatable.

Article 16
a) Approved enterprises shall be subject to the provisions of the effective Companies Law or Joint-Companies Law with no contradiction to the provisions of this Legislative Decree.

b) In the context of applying this Legislative Decree, no other stipulation of any other legislation shall be used if it contradicts its provisions.

c) Law 10 of 1991 and amendments is abolished.

Article 17
This Legislative Decree shall be published in the Official Gazette and put in force as of 01/01/2007.

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