

Saudi Arabia

Foreign Investment Law in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (2000)

Unofficial translation

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The year indicated in brackets after the title of the law refers to the year of publication in the Official Gazette or, when this is not available, the year of adoption of the law.

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Foreign Investment Law in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

Royal Decree No. M/1

Article 1

The following terms and expressions shall have the meanings assigned to them, unless the context requires otherwise:

- a. The Council: The Supreme Economic Council.
- b. Board of Directors: The Board of Directors of the General Investment Authority.
- c. The Authority: The General Investment Authority.
- d. The Governor: The Governor of the General Investment Authority.
- e. Foreign Investor: A natural person who is not of Saudi nationality or a corporate person whose partners are not all Saudi.
- f. Foreign Investment: Investment of foreign capital in an activity licensed by this Law.
- g. Foreign Capital: In this Law, foreign capital shall mean, for example, but not limited to, the following funds and rights so long as they are owned by a foreign:

- h. Commodity Firms: enterprises that produce industrial, agricultural, plant and animal commodities.
- i. Service Firms: Service and contracting enterprises.
- j. Law: The Foreign Investment Law.
- k. Regulation: The implementing regulation of this Law.

Article 2

Without prejudice to the provisions of the laws and agreements, the authority shall issue a license for foreign capital investment in any investment activity in the Kingdom, whether permanent or temporary. The authority shall act on the investment application within 30 days of the submission of all the documents required by the regulation. If the specified period lapses without the authority acting on the application, it shall issue the required license to the investor.

If the authority rejects the application within the prescribed period, the decision must be justified, and the party whose application has been rejected shall have the right to appeal such decision according to laws.

Article 3

The Council shall have the authority to issue a list of activities excluded from foreign investment.

Article 4

Subject to the provisions of Article 2, the foreign investor may obtain more than one license for different activities, and the regulation shall specify the necessary requirements.

Article 5

Foreign investments licensed under the provisions of this Law may be in either of the two following forms:

Article 6

The enterprise licensed under this Law shall enjoy all the benefits, incentives and guarantees extended to a national enterprise, according to laws and directives.

Article 7

A Foreign Investor may repatriate its share that is derived either from the sale of its equity, the liquidation surplus, or from profits generated by the firm, or to dispose of it in any other lawful manner. The foreign investor may also transfer the amounts required to settle any contractual obligations related to the project.

Article 8

A foreign firm licensed under this Law may acquire necessary real estate as needed for operating the licensed activity, or for housing all or some of its staff, subject to the provisions governing real estate ownership by non-Saudis.

Article 9

The foreign investor and its non-Saudi staff shall be sponsored by the licensed firm.

Article 10

The authority shall provide all interested investors with required information, clarifications and statistics as well as providing them with all services and procedures to facilitate and complete all investment related transactions.

Article 11

The foreign investor's investments may not be confiscated, wholly or partially without a court judgment. Moreover, they may not be subject to expropriation, wholly or partially, except for public interest, in exchange for a fair compensation according to laws.

Article 12

1) The authority shall notify the foreign investor in writing when violating the provisions of this Law and its regulation, in order to rectify such violation within a period of time specified by the authority for the rectification of the violation.

2) Without prejudice to any harsher penalty, the foreign investor shall be subject to any of the following penalties if the violation persists:

- a. Withholding all or some of the incentives and benefits given to the Foreign Investor.
- b. Imposing a fine not exceeding SR 500 thousands.
- c. Revoking the foreign investment license.

3) The penalties referred to in paragraph (2) shall be applied pursuant to a resolution by the board of directors.

4) The penalty resolution issued may be appealed before the Board of Grievances in accordance with its Law.

Article 13

Without prejudice to agreements in which the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia is party:

Article 14

All foreign investments licensed under this Law shall be treated in accordance with the applicable tax provisions and amendments thereto in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Article 15

The foreign investor shall comply with all laws, regulations and directives in force in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, as well as international agreements in which the Kingdom is party.

Article 16

The implementation of this Law shall not violate the acquired rights of the foreign investments, legally existing before this Law comes into force. However, the process of conducting activities or increasing capital by such enterprises shall be governed by provisions of this Law.

Article 17

The authority shall issue the regulation and it shall be published in the Official Gazette and shall become effective as of the date of its publication.

Article 18

days after its publication date. The Foreign Capital Investment Law, issued upon Royal Decree No. (M/4), dated 2/2/1399H (corresponding to 1/1/1979AD), as well as any provisions inconsistent therewith shall be canceled.

List of activities excluded from foreign investment

First: Industry Sector

Second: Services Sector

The Statute of the General Investment Authority

Article 1

The following terms and expressions shall have the meanings indicated opposite thereto, unless the context requires otherwise:

Article 2

Under this Statute, a general authority named “Saudi Arabian General Investment Authority” is to be established. Such an Authority shall enjoy the corporate personality, pertinent to the chairman, and its headquarter is to be in Riyadh City.

Article 3

The main objective of the Authority is to care the affairs of investment in the Kingdom including the investment. This includes the stipulation of its responsibilities as following:

[...]

4. Providing the State's policies in the field of developing and increasing local and foreign investment and submitting it to the Council.
5. Proposing operational plans and rules in order to improve investment atmosphere in the Kingdom and submitting them to the Council.
6. Following up, and estimating the performance of the local and foreign investment and preparing a periodic report about it; the Regulation shall determine the elements of the report.
7. Preparing studies about the opportunities of investment in the Kingdom and promoting them.
8. Cooperating with the concerned governmental bodies in the way that enables the Authority to perform its tasks.

9. Organizing, setting up, and participating in conferences, seminars internal and external exhibitions and activities related to investment.
10. Developing databases and conducting statistical surveys in order to enable the Authority to perform its tasks.
11. Any regular tasks assigned to the Authority.

Article 4

The Board of Directors of the Saudi Arabian General Investment Authority is to be formed as follows:

Article 5

The Board of Directors is the authority dominating and administrating the affairs of the Saudi Arabian General Investment Authority. The Board also shall take all the required decisions to achieve the authority targets under the provisions of this Statute and shall do, specifically, the following:

The Board of Directors meets upon an invitation offered by the Governor at least once every month. The Governor must invite the Board of Directors for meeting in case at least the half of members requested so. The invitation should include the agenda, given that the meeting shall not be valid unless the majority of members, including the Chairman of the Board of Directors or whoever represents him of members, present.

The meeting decisions shall be issued by majority votes of members present. In case of a tie, the decision of the party including Chairman will be the chosen one. The Board of Directors may invite individuals deemed to be experts or having information, but they shall not be given the right of voting. Deliberations and decisions of the Board of Directors are to be recorded in minutes signed by the meeting chairman and the presenting members.

The Board of Directors shall have the right of issuing decisions by referring them to members severally only in cases of necessity. In this case, all members of the Board of Directors should approve the decisions in writing and such decisions are to be submitted to the Board of Directors in the first subsequent meeting for recording them in the minutes of meeting.

Article 7

The Authority should have a Governor in a rank of Minister who is appointed by a Royal Decree upon a proposal of the Chairman.

Article 8

The Governor shall be the chief executive officer of the Authority's administration and conducts its business. His responsibilities are determined by the provisions of this Statute and decisions of the Board of Directors. The Governor shall be entitled to do the following tasks:

Article 9

- 1) An Investors Service Center shall be established within the Authority, consisting of liaison offices including full-time representatives from all government departments concerned with investment, such as the Ministry of Interior (the General Directorate of Passports, the General Department of Expatriate Affairs), Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Commerce, Ministry of Industry and Electricity, Ministry of Finance and National Economy (Zakat and Income Tax Department, Saudi Industrial Development Fund), Ministry of Agriculture and Water, Ministry of Labor and Social Affairs (Labor & Workmen's Office), Ministry of Petroleum and Mineral Resources.
- 2) The Council shall have the right to change the departments mentioned in this Statute upon a proposal from the Board of Directors.
- 3) The above mentioned Investors Service Center shall operate under the supervision of the Governor, extend its services to investors in a manner that ensures centralizing the receipt of applications, taking actions thereof, finalizing such matters promptly and issuing licenses, approvals, visas and residence permits required for carrying out the activities.

Article 10

The Authority shall have an independent budget allocated in accordance with the arrangements of allocating the State's general budget and the Authority's funds shall consist of the following:

The Authority's funds shall be deposited in an independent account and disbursed in accordance with the Authority's financial regulations.

Article 11

The fiscal year of the Authority is the State's fiscal year; Except that the first fiscal year of the Authority shall commence as of the date this Statute comes into effect.

Article 12

Without prejudice to the right of the General Audit Bureau in monitoring the Authority's accounts, the Board of Directors shall appoint one or more auditors who are either natural persons or legal persons licensed to work in the Kingdom and shall determine their fees.

In case of the plenty of auditor, they shall be jointly liable for their activities before the Authority. The auditors shall submit reports to the Board of Directors with a copy to the General Audit Bureau.

Article 13

The Board of Directors shall issue the Regulation within 30 days from the date of issuing this Statute. The Regulation shall be published in the Official Gazette and shall become effective on the date of its publication.

Article 14

This Statute shall be published in the Official Gazette and shall become effective after thirty days from the date of publication and shall supersede any other contradicting regulations.